LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 Adams County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Larkridge Metropolitan District No. 2 Adams County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Larkridge Metropolitan District No. 2 as of and for the year December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Larkridge Metropolitan District No. 2, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Larkridge Metropolitan District No. 2's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and the other information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Daysio o Associates, P.C.



LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,242
Cash and Investments - Restricted	2,870,163
Receivable - County Treasurer	2,319
Property Tax Receivable	9,631
Prepaid Expenses	4,595
Capital Assets, Net:	
Construction in Progress	12,702,643
Total Assets	15,597,593
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	22,878
Accrued Interest Payable	66,806
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,
Due in More Than One Year	24,665,948
Total Liabilities	24,755,632
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	9,631
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,631
NET POSITION	
Restricted:	
Emergency Reserves	2,200
Debt Service	1,042,539
Unrestricted	(10,212,409)
	
Total Net Position	\$ (9,167,670)

LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net Revenues

		_	Program Revenues		(Expenses) and Change in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$ 98,367 1,259,298	\$ - 	\$ 64,713 345,032	\$ - -	\$ (33,654) (914,266)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,357,665	\$ -	\$ 409,745	\$ -	(947,920)
	GENERAL REVEN Property Taxes Specific Ownersh Net Investment In Total General	nip Taxes			6,704 31,085 19,116 56,905
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			(891,015)
	Net Position - Beg	inning of Year			(8,276,655)
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ (9,167,670)

LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS		General		Debt Service	Car Proj	oital ects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expense	\$	8,242 2,200 366 1,520 4,595	\$	2,867,963 1,953 8,111	\$	- - - -	\$	8,242 2,870,163 2,319 9,631 4,595
Total Assets	\$	16,923	\$	2,878,027	\$	_	\$	2,894,950
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	22,878	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,878
Total Liabilities		22,878	•	_		-		22,878
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property Tax Revenue		1,520		8,111		-		9,631
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,520	•	8,111		-		9,631
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:		4.505						4.505
Prepaid Expenses Restricted For:		4,595		-		-		4,595
Emergency Reserves		2,200						2,200
Debt Service		2,200		2,869,916		_		2,869,916
Unassigned		(14,270)		2,000,010		_		(14,270)
Total Fund Balances		(7,475)		2,869,916				2,862,441
		() - /		,,-	-			,,
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	16,923	\$	2,878,027	\$			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:								
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds.	financial	resources and	d, there	fore,				12,702,643
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not	due and p	payable in the	current	period				
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.								
Bonds Payable								(15,144,411)
Accrued Bond Interest Payable								(66,806)
Developer Advance Payable								(8,670,185)
Accrued Interest on Developer advance								(851,352)
Net Position of Governmental Activities							\$	(9,167,670)

LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Ge	neral	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES		Horai	 CCIVICC	 1 Tojooto		Turido
Property Taxes	\$	1,059	\$ 5,645	\$ -	\$	6,704
Property Taxes from TDA		64,713	345,032	-		409,745
Specific Ownership Taxes		4,908	26,177	-		31,085
Net Investment Income		150	18,966	_		19,116
Total Revenues		70,830	395,820	=		466,650
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		18,956	-	-		18,956
Audit		5,000	-	-		5,000
County Treasurer's Fee		18	97	-		115
District Management		14,658	-	2,268		16,926
Dues and Subscriptions		319	-	-		319
Election		904	-	-		904
Insurance and Bonds		2,910	-	-		2,910
Legal		37,621	-	8,479		46,100
Miscellaneous		2,334	-	-		2,334
Engineering		2,730	-	2,170		4,900
Capital Outlay		-	-	252,012		252,012
Debt Service:						
Paying Agent Fees		-	4,000	-		4,000
Interest Expense - Bond		-	 801,675	 <u>-</u>		801,675
Total Expenditures		85,450	805,772	264,929		1,156,151
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(14,620)	(409,952)	(264,929)		(689,501)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Developer Advance		12,083	 	264,929		277,012
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		12,083		264,929		277,012
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(2,537)	(409,952)	-		(412,489)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year		(4,938)	 3,279,868	 		3,274,930
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$	(7,475)	\$ 2,869,916	\$ 	\$	2,862,441

LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds

\$ (412,489)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. During the current period, there were no depreciable assets. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay in the current period.

Capital Outlay 252,012

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, loans, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Developer Advances (277,012)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization/Expense of Bond Discount (6,387)
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance (447,139)

LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

							Fin	ance with
		Budget Amounts			Actual		Positive	
REVENUES		Driginal		Final	A	mounts	(N	egative)
Property Taxes	\$	1,061	\$	1,059	\$	1,059	\$	_
Property Taxes from TDA	Ψ	64,830	Ψ	64,713	Ψ	64,713	Ψ	_
Specific Ownership Taxes		5,350		4,908		4,908		_
Interest Income		-		150		150		_
Other Income		_		35,600		-		(35,600)
Total Revenues		71,241		106,430		70,830		(35,600)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Accounting		25,000		18,956		18,956		-
Audit		5,250		5,000		5,000		-
County Treasurer's Fee		16		18		18		-
District Management		15,000		14,658		14,658		-
Dues and Subscriptions		400		319		319		-
Election		1,500		904		904		-
Engineering		-		2,730		2,730		-
Insurance and Bonds		3,000		2,910		2,910		-
Legal		15,000		37,621		37,621		-
Miscellaneous		1,000		2,334		2,334		-
Contingency		3,834		24,550				24,550
Total Expenditures		70,000		110,000		85,450		24,550
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		1,241		(3,570)		(14,620)		(11,050)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Developer Advance		-		12,083		12,083		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-			12,083		12,083		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,241		8,513		(2,537)		(11,050)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		8,419		(4,938)		(4,938)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	9,660	\$	3,575	\$	(7,475)	\$	(11,050)

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Larkridge Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for Adams County on May 18, 2004, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in Thornton, Colorado. The District was established to provide water, storm sewer and sanitary sewer, streets and traffic and safety protection, parks and recreation, transportation, mosquito control and other powers.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the District is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Depreciation, if any, is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for capital assets are shown as increases in assets and redemption of bonds, loans, notes and developer advances are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District. Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the fund balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

Deficits

The General Fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2020. The deficit will be eliminated with the receipt of property tax funds in 2021.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and Investments	\$ 8,242
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 2,870,163
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,878,405

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 10,442
Investments	2,867,963
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,878,405

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2020, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$10,937 and a carrying balance of \$10,442.

Investments

The District has adopted a formal investment policy that follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Investments (Continued)</u>

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted Average	
	Under 60 Days	\$ 2,867,963

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020, follows:

		Balance
Retirements/	Dec	cember 31,
Reclassifications		2020
)12 \$ -	\$	12,702,643
	Reclassifications	Retirements/ Dec

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance at December 31, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2020	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable					
General Obligation Bonds:					
Series 2019	\$ 15,270,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,270,000	\$ -
Discount	(131,976)		6,387	(125,589)	<u> </u>
Subtotal of Bonds Payable	15,138,024	-	6,387	15,144,411	-
Other Debts					
Developer Advances Accrued Interest on	8,393,173	277,012	-	8,670,185	-
Developer Advances	404,213	447,139	-	851,352	
Subtotal of Other Debts	8,797,386	724,151	-	9,521,537	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 23,935,410	\$ 724,151	\$ 6,387	\$ 24,665,948	\$ -

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2019 (Series 2019 Bonds)

Series 2019 Bonds Details

The District issued the Series 2019 Bonds on January 15, 2019, in the par amount of \$15,270,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2019 Bonds were used to (i) refund the 2014 Loan; (ii) pay project costs; (iii) fund a Reserve Fund; (iv) fund capitalized interest; and, (v) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds.

The Series 2019 Bonds bear interest at 5.25% which is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on June 1, 2019. Annual mandatory fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2024. The Series 2019 Bonds mature on December 1, 2048. To the extent the principal of any bond is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid and shall continue to bear interest at the rate borne by the bond. To the extent interest on any Bond is not paid when due, such interest shall compound on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the bond.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Optional Redemption

The Series 2019 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2023, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
December 1, 2023, to November 30, 2024 December 1, 2024, to November 30, 2025	3.00% 2.00
December 1, 2025, to November 30, 2026	1.00

Series 2019 Bonds Pledged Revenue

The Series 2019 Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Pledged Revenue which means the money derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (a) the Required Mill Levy, whether received from the Thornton Development Authority ("TDA") pursuant to the TDA Cooperation Agreement, directly from the County Treasurer, or otherwise; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Pledged Revenue.

Series 2019 Bonds Required Mill Levy

Prior to the Conversion Date, the District is to impose a Required Mill Levy in an amount sufficient to pay the Series 2019 Bonds when due (in determining such Required Mill Levy, the District may take into account amounts in the Surplus Fund in excess of the Minimum Surplus Amount if it elects to use such moneys for payment of debt service) and, if necessary, an amount sufficient to replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of the Reserve Requirement, but (i) not in excess of 50.000 mills, and (ii) if the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, not less than 40.000 mills, or such lesser mill levy that will pay the Series 2019 Bonds when due, will replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of the Reserve Requirement, and will fund the Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount.

If the method of calculating assessed valuation or any constitutionally mandated tax credit, cut or abatement is changed with respect to commercial property (or any other class of property on which the District is authorized to certify its mill levy) after the date of issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds, such mill levy shall be increased or decreased to reflect such changes, such increases or decreases to be determined by the Board in good faith (such determination to be binding and final) so that to the extent possible, the actual tax revenues generated by such mill levy are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result of such changes. For purposes of the foregoing, a change in the ratio of assessed valuation to statutory actual value shall be deemed to be a change in the method of calculating assessed valuation.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2019 Bonds Required Mill Levy (Continued)

On and after the Conversion Date, the District is to impose a Required Mill Levy each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019 Bonds when due, without limitation of rate and in amounts sufficient to make such payments when due. The Conversion Date is the first date on which all of the following conditions are met: (a) the Debt to Assessed Ratio is 50% or less; and (b) no amounts of principal or interest on the Series 2019 Bonds are due but unpaid. On and after the Conversion Date, the definition of Required Mill Levy shall be determined exclusively by this paragraph regardless of any subsequent increase in the Debt to Assessed Ratio.

Series 2019 Bonds Reserve Fund

The Series 2019 Bonds are also secured by amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund which was funded upon issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds in the amount of the Reserve Requirement of \$1,275,213. The balance in the Reserve Fund as of December 31, 2020, was \$1,275,466.

Series 2019 Bonds Surplus Fund

The Series 2019 Bonds are further secured by amounts on deposit in the Surplus Fund, if any. Prior to the Conversion Date, Pledged Revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the Series 2019 Bonds in any year will be deposited to and held in the Surplus Fund, up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$1,527,000. Amounts in the Surplus Fund in excess of the Minimum Surplus Amount of \$850,000 may be applied to debt service, if needed, in order to maintain the minimum mill levy. The balance in the Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2020, was \$707,231.

Upon the Conversion Date, both the Reserve Fund and the Surplus Fund will be terminated and any moneys therein remitted to the District for application to any lawful purpose of the District.

Series 2019 Bonds Debt Service

The outstanding principal and interest of the Series 2019 Bonds are due as follows:

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2019 Bonds Debt Service (Continued)

		(es					
	Bonded Debt							
Year Ending December 31,		Principal			Interest			Total
2021	\$	-		\$	801,675	•	\$	801,675
2022		-			801,675			801,675
2023		-			801,675			801,675
2024		55,000			801,675			856,675
2025		225,000			798,788			1,023,788
2026 - 2030		1,520,000			3,788,663			5,308,663
2031 - 2035		2,255,000			3,316,688			5,571,688
2036 - 2040		3,240,000			2,627,364			5,867,364
2041 - 2045		4,500,000			1,651,652			6,151,652
2046 - 2048		3,475,000			372,489			3,847,489
Total	\$	15,270,000		\$	15,762,344	:	\$	31,032,344

Authorized Debt

On November 6, 2018, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$322,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. This authorization constituted a restatement and replacement of all authorization for debt approved by the District's electorate at prior elections.

At December 31, 2020, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	November 6, 2018 Authorization	Authorization Used for 2019 Bonds	Authorized but Unissued		
Street Improvements	\$ 23,000,000	\$ 5,749,726	\$ 17,250,274		
Water	23,000,000	972,044	22,027,956		
Sanitary Sewer	23,000,000	3,812,012	19,187,988		
Park and Recreation	23,000,000	1,173,178	21,826,822		
Transportation	23,000,000	-	23,000,000		
Mosquito Control	23,000,000	-	23,000,000		
Safety Protection	23,000,000	-	23,000,000		
Fire Protection	23,000,000	-	23,000,000		
Television Relay	23,000,000	-	23,000,000		
Security	23,000,000	-	23,000,000		
Operations	23,000,000	-	23,000,000		
Refunding	23,000,000	3,563,040	19,436,960		
IGA	23,000,000	-	23,000,000		
Telephone, Satellite,					
and Fiber Optics	23,000,000		23,000,000		
Total	\$ 322,000,000	\$ 15,270,000	\$ 306,730,000		

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt (Continued)

The District's Second Amended and Restated Service Plan (Service Plan) establishes a mill levy cap of 50.000 mills for debt service (the Maximum Debt Mill Levy). The Maximum Debt Mill Levy may be increased or decreased to reflect any change in law for calculating assessed valuation on property for taxation purposes.

The District's Service Plan establishes a limit on the issuance of debt in the amount of \$23,000,000. Any increase in the debt limit will be considered a material modification of the District's Service Plan which would require approval from the city of Thornton.

In the future, the District may issue a portion of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

Developer Advances

Operation Funding Agreement

The District and the Thornton 164 LLC (Landowner) entered into an Operations Funding Agreement on June 8, 2021, with an effective date of January 1, 2020 (2020 Operations Funding Agreement). Pursuant to the 2020 Operations Funding Agreement, the Landowner has agreed to advance funds to the District to pay the operations and maintenance expenses of the District. The District has agreed to: (i) use its reasonable efforts to impose and collect its operations mill levy and to impose and collect its rates, fees, tolls and charges in the minimum amounts set forth in the District's Service Plan; and (ii) repay the amounts advanced by the Landowner under the Operations Funding Agreement, together with interest at the rate of 7%, to the extent that it has funds available after the payment of its annual debt service payments and operations and maintenance expenses. The repayment obligation of the District is specifically subordinate to the District's annual debt service obligations except under the conditions set forth in the Operations Funding Agreement. As of December 31, 2020, outstanding advances under the Agreement totaled \$12,083 and accrued interest totaled \$182.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components - restricted, and unrestricted.

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2020, as follows:

NOTE 6 NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

	G	overnmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:		
Emergencies	\$	2,200
Debt Service		1,042,539
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	1,044,739

The District's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2020 is \$(10,212,409). This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of both bonds issued and developer advances received for public improvements, which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS

Tax Increment Sharing Agreement

The District has entered into the Tax Increment Sharing Agreement with the Thornton Development Authority (Authority), dated as of June 9, 2004, regarding the sharing of Tax Increment Revenues generated within the District. The Tax Increment Sharing Agreement provides that in consideration for the District providing public improvements and services, the Authority agrees that the portion of revenues which it receives as a result of ad valorem property tax increments, which are attributable to the District's current and future levy of ad valorem taxes on property within the Development and encompassed by the Urban Renewal Plan, shall be segregated upon receipt and shall be remitted by the Authority to the District within 45 days of the end of each quarter.

Facilities Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

The District and Thornton 164, LLC (the Landowner) have entered into a Second Amended and Restated Facilities Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement dated June 13, 2017 (the Agreement). Pursuant to the Agreement, the Landowner has agreed to advance funds to the District for the construction of Project Improvements (as such term is defined in the Agreement). The District has agreed to reimburse the Landowner for funds advanced under the Agreement, together with simple interest thereon to be accrued at a rate of 5.310%, from the proceeds of the bonds to the extent of the amounts advanced for the Project Improvements. The Landowner may design, construct and complete certain of the Project Improvements, pursuant to construction contract requirements in the Agreement. Subject to receipt of funding, the District agrees to make payment to the Landowner for costs verified by an independent engineer. As of December 31, 2020, outstanding advances under the Agreement totaled \$8,658,102 and accrued interest totaled \$851,170.

NOTE 7 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Monument Funding and Acquisition Agreement

The District and the Landowner entered into a Monument Funding and Acquisition Agreement dated July 17, 2018, as amended on November 3, 2020 (2018 Monument Funding Agreement). Pursuant to the 2018 Monument Funding Agreement, Landowner agrees to construct and convey the Monument (defined therein) to the District upon the completion of construction, subject to certain conditions described therein, while reserving to itself the Panels (defined therein) located on the face of the Monument over which the Landowner shall retain all rights of ownership and responsibility for operation and maintenance. Subject to the receipt of funding as set forth in Section 6 of the 2018 Monument Funding Agreement, the District agrees to reimburse the Landowner for certified construction costs up to a maximum of \$105,400.00, together with interest at a rate of 7% annum. No payment will be due under the 2018 Monument Funding Agreement unless and until the District issues bonds in an amount sufficient to reimburse the Development for all or a portion of its costs. In the event that the District has not reimbursed the Landowner for any portion of the costs incurred pursuant to the 2018 Monument Funding Agreement by December 31, 2048, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding on such date shall be deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full.

The District and the Landowner entered into a Monument Funding and Acquisition Agreement dated April 11, 2019, as amended on November 3, 2020 (2019 Monument Funding Agreement). Pursuant to the 2019 Monument Funding Agreement, Landowner agrees to construct the Monument (defined therein) and to convey the Monument, subject to certain conditions described therein, as well as install landscaping within the Monument Easement Property (defined therein), and to convey to the District the completed Monument while reserving to itself the Panels (defined therein) located on the face of the monument over with the Landowner shall retain all rights of ownership and responsibility for operation and maintenance. Subject to the receipt of funding as set forth in Section 7 of the 2019 Monument Funding Agreement, the District agrees to reimburse the Landowner for certified construction costs up to a maximum of \$82,345.52, together with interest at a rate of 7% annum. No payment will be due under the 2019 Monument Funding Agreement unless and until the District issues bonds in an amount sufficient to reimburse the Development for all or a portion of its costs. In the event that the District has not reimbursed the Landowner for any portion of the costs incurred pursuant to the 2019 Monument Funding Agreement by December 31, 2049, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding on such date shall be deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full.

NOTE 7 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Monument Funding and Acquisition Agreement (Continued)

The District and the Landowner entered into a Monument Funding and Acquisition Agreement dated November 3, 2020 (2020 Monument Funding Agreement). Pursuant to the 2020 Monument Funding Agreement, Landowner agrees to construct the Monument (defined therein) and to convey the Monument, subject to certain conditions described therein, as well as install landscaping within the Monument Easement Property (defined therein), and to convey to the District the completed Monument while reserving to itself the Panels (defined therein) located on the face of the monument over with the Landowner shall retain all rights of ownership and responsibility for operation and maintenance. Subject to the receipt of funding as set forth in Section 7 of the 2020 Monument Funding Agreement, the District agrees to reimburse the Landowner for certified construction costs up to a maximum of \$64,266.00, together with interest at a rate of 7% annum. No payment will be due under the 2020 Monument Funding Agreement unless and until the District issues bonds in an amount sufficient to reimburse the Development for all or a portion of its costs. In the event that the District has not reimbursed the Landowner for any portion of the costs incurred pursuant to the 2020 Monument Funding Agreement by December 31, 2050, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding on such date shall be deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full.

Retaining Wall Funding and Acquisition Agreement

The District and the Landowner entered into a Retaining Wall Funding and Acquisition Agreement (Retaining Wall Agreement) dated July 17, 2018. The Landowner agrees to construct the Phase I Retaining Wall (described therein), to make a deposit with the city of Thornton for a Phase II Retaining Wall (described therein) and to convey the constructed Phase I Retaining Wall, subject to certain conditions described therein, to the District upon completion of construction. The District agrees to reimburse the Landowner for the Certified Construction Costs (defined therein) up to \$550,000 plus interest and for the cost of deposit for the Phase II Retaining Wall plus interest thereon. Simple interest at the rate of 7.0% per annum is to accrue on any reimbursements due to the Landowner. No payment will be due under the Retaining Wall Agreement unless and until the District issues bonds in an amount sufficient to reimburse the Landowner for all or a portion of its costs. In the event that the District has not reimbursed the Landowner for any portion of the costs incurred pursuant to the Retaining Wall Agreement by December 31, 2048, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding on such date shall be deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full.

NOTE 7 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Retaining Wall Construction and Maintenance Agreement

The District and the city of Thornton (City) entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding Retaining Wall Construction and Maintenance (Retaining Wall IGA) dated April 9, 2019. Pursuant to the Retaining Wall IGA, the City and District agree that the District, at its sole expense, will fund, design and construct the Phase II Retaining Wall if any Interstate 25 (I25) expansion makes the Phase II Retaining Wall necessary and will keep, maintain, repair and replace said Retaining Wall. The City will provide advance notice of any I25 expansion to the District not less than 12 months prior to groundbreaking. Failure to provide notice to the District shall absolve the District of the funding obligation to fund, design and construct the Phase II Retaining Wall. The District's design and build plans and specifications are subject to prior written approval by the City. The District shall be deemed to own the Phase II Retaining Wall improvements upon commencement of construction.

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTY

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is Jordon Perlmutter & Co. Jordon Perlmutter & Co. has an interest in the landowner. The members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners, or are otherwise associated with Jordon Perlmutter & Co. and the landowner, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On May 8, 2012 and November 6, 2018, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve the full amount of all currently levied taxes and fees of the District annually, without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. As of December 31, 2020, the District had provided but did not fund an Emergency Reserve, which may be a violation of the Constitutional Amendment.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

					iance with	
	_				al Budget	
		riginal and	Actual	Positive		
	Fir	nal Budget	 Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	5,657	\$ 5,645	\$	(12)	
Property Taxes from TDA		345,761	345,032		(729)	
Specific Ownership Taxes		28,535	26,177		(2,358)	
Net Investment Income		45,000	18,966		(26,034)	
Total Revenues		424,953	 395,820		(29,133)	
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees		85	97		(12)	
Bond Interest - Series 2019		801,675	801,675		-	
Miscellaneous		1,000	-		1,000	
Paying Agent Fees		5,000	4,000		1,000	
Contingency		12,240	-		12,240	
Total Expenditures		820,000	805,772		14,228	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(395,047)	(409,952)		(14,905)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		3,259,722	 3,279,868		20,146	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,864,675	\$ 2,869,916	\$	5,241	

LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budget Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Ori	ginal		Final	An	nounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Other Revenue	\$	-	\$	35,071	\$	-	\$	(35,071)	
Total Revenues		-		35,071		-		(35,071)	
EXPENDITURES									
Engineering		-		2,170		2,170		-	
Capital Outlay		-		252,012		252,012		-	
District Management		-		2,268		2,268		-	
Legal services		-		8,479		8,479		-	
Miscellaneous		-		35,071		-		35,071	
Total Expenditures		-		300,000		264,929		35,071	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		(264,929)	((264,929)		-	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Developer Advance				264,929		264,929			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				264,929		264,929		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year									
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	

OTHER INFORMATION

LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY **DECEMBER 31, 2020**

\$15,270,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2019 Interest 5.250%

Dated January 15, 2019

Interest Payable June 1 and December 1 Principal due December 1

	Principal due December 1						
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2021	\$ -	\$ 801,675	\$ 801,675				
2022	-	801,675	801,675				
2023	-	801,675	801,675				
2024	55,000	801,675	856,675				
2025	225,000	798,788	1,023,788				
2026	260,000	786,975	1,046,975				
2027	270,000	773,325	1,043,325				
2028	305,000	759,150	1,064,150				
2029	325,000	743,138	1,068,138				
2030	360,000	726,075	1,086,075				
2031	380,000	707,175	1,087,175				
2032	425,000	687,225	1,112,225				
2033	445,000	664,913	1,109,913				
2034	490,000	641,550	1,131,550				
2035	515,000	615,825	1,130,825				
2036	565,000	588,788	1,153,788				
2037	595,000	559,125	1,154,125				
2038	650,000	527,888	1,177,888				
2039	685,000	493,763	1,178,763				
2040	745,000	457,800	1,202,800				
2041	780,000	418,688	1,198,688				
2042	850,000	377,738	1,227,738				
2043	890,000	333,113	1,223,113				
2044	965,000	286,388	1,251,388				
2045	1,015,000	235,725	1,250,725				
2046	1,090,000	182,438	1,272,438				
2047	1,150,000	125,213	1,275,213				
2048	1,235,000	64,838	1,299,838				
	\$ 15,270,000	\$ 15,762,344	\$ 31,032,344				

LARKRIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Prior Year oss Assessed Valuation for Current	Net \	rior Year Assessed /aluation or Current	Mills I	_evied	_				Percentage		
Year Ended	Y	ear Property	Yea	ar Property		Debt	Total Property Taxes			Collected		
December 31,		Tax Levy	T	ax Levy	General	Service	Levied		Collected		to Levied	
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$	6,838,120 6,309,020 6,535,380 7,885,200 8,917,080	\$	506,140 475,910 492,980 314,560 141,430	13.750 13.750 13.750 7.500 7.500	32.250 32.250 32.250 40.000 40.000	\$	23,282 21,892 22,677 14,941 6,718	\$	23,282 21,892 22,677 14,941 6,704	100.00 % 100.00 100.00 100.00 99.79	
Estimated for the year ending December 31, 2021	\$	13,384,270	\$	202,780	7.500	40.000	\$	9,631				